

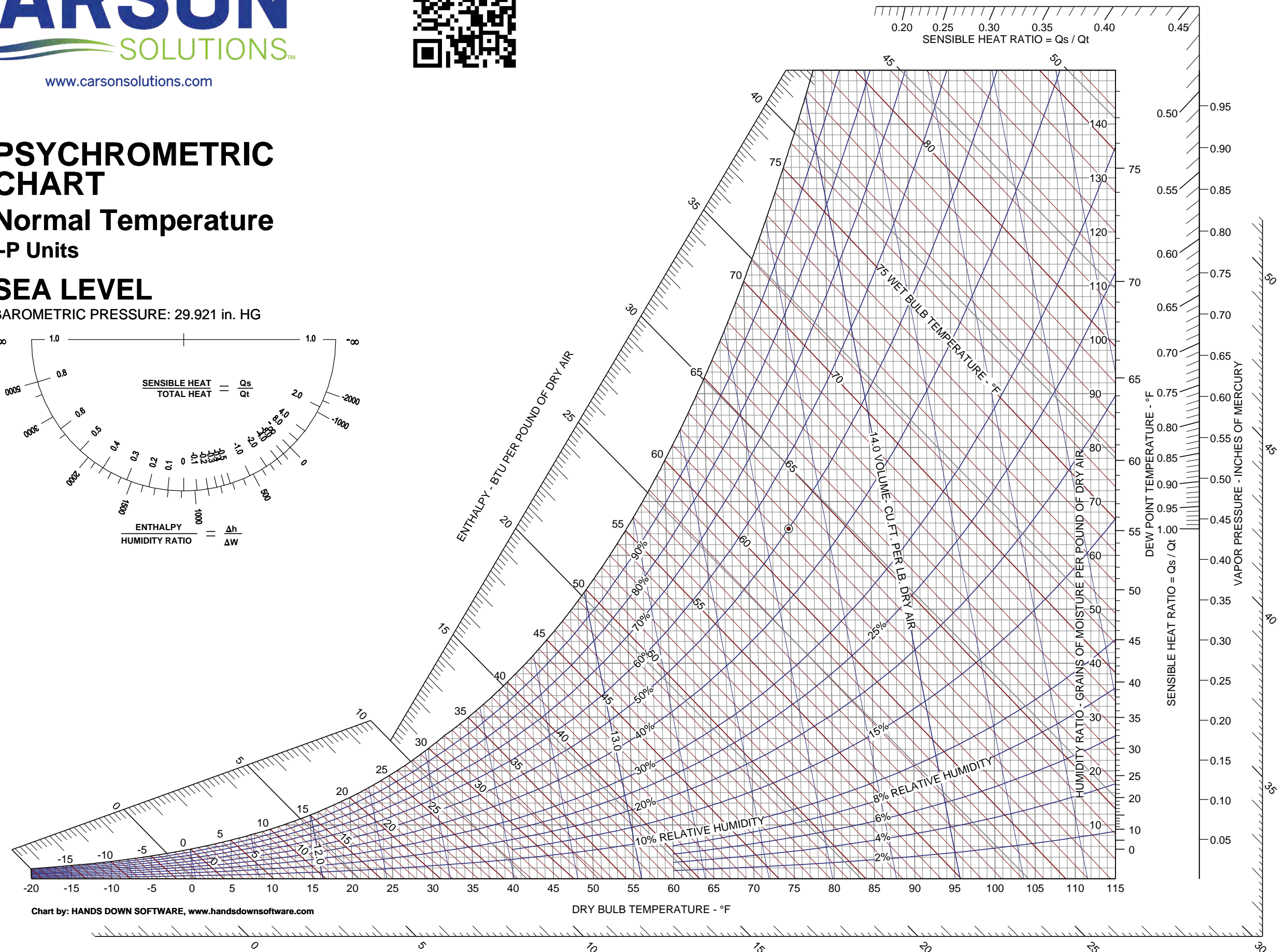
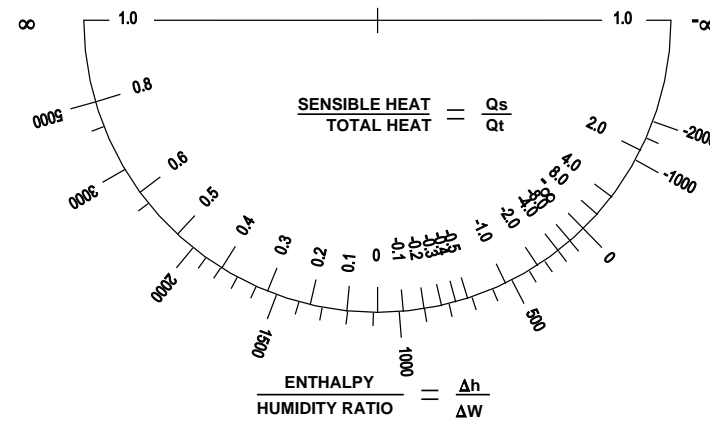


## PSYCHROMETRIC CHART

Normal Temperature  
I-P Units

SEA LEVEL

BAROMETRIC PRESSURE: 29.921 in. HG



# CARSON SOLUTIONS™

## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

### DISPLACEMENT INDUCTION VENTILATION



#### QLCI

The QLCI displacement induction ventilation terminal unit provides a comfortable and healthy environment with superior ventilation, improved air quality, and reduced noise with an energy-efficient and esthetically pleasing design.

### ACTIVE OVERHEAD CHILLED BEAMS

Chilled beams are an efficient ventilation solution to ventilate, cool, and heat commercial spaces compared to traditional all-air heating and cooling approach or noisy room terminal devices.



#### CB-H24

- 1-way & 2-way throw patterns
- 24 inches wide
- Fully sealed plenum design



#### CB-S24

- 2-way throw pattern
- 24 inches wide
- Condensate drip tray with drain connection
- Fully sealed plenum design

### CUSTOM SOLUTIONS

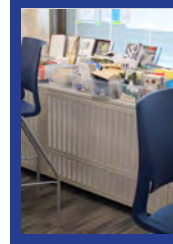


#### CREATE YOUR PERFECT SOLUTION

Carson Solutions is ready to design and fabricate customized solutions to suit virtually any application and industry. We offer a variety of services to create the best solution for your application.

#### READY TO GET STARTED?

To learn more and to find your local representative or visit us at [carsonsolutions.com](http://carsonsolutions.com)



### HVAC Formulas

#### WATER

$$q \text{ (Btu/h)} = 500 \times \text{GPM} \times [t_{wo} - t_{wi}] \text{ (}^\circ\text{F)}$$

$$\Delta h \text{ (ft. wtr.)} = 2.31 \times \left(\frac{\text{GPM}}{C_v}\right)^2 ; \Delta h = \Delta h_{\text{rated}} \times \left(\frac{\text{GPM}}{\text{GPM}_{\text{rated}}}\right)^2$$

#### PUMPS

$$hp_{\text{req'd}} = \frac{\text{GPM} \times \text{Head (ft. wtr.)}}{3960 \times \eta_{\text{pump}}} = \frac{\text{GPM} \times \text{Diff. Pressure (psi)}}{1715 \times \eta_{\text{pump}}}$$

$$\text{GPM}_2 = \text{GPM}_1 \times \left(\frac{\text{RPM}_2}{\text{RPM}_1}\right); \text{Head}_2 = \text{Head}_1 \times \left(\frac{\text{RPM}_2}{\text{RPM}_1}\right)^2; hp_2 = hp_1 \times \left(\frac{\text{RPM}_2}{\text{RPM}_1}\right)^3$$

#### AIR

$$q_{\text{total}} \text{ (Btu/h)} \approx 4.5 \times \text{CFM} \times [h_o - h_i] \text{ (Btu/lb)}$$

$$q_{\text{sensible}} \text{ (Btu/h)} \approx 1.08 \times \text{CFM} \times [t_o - t_i] \text{ (}^\circ\text{F)}$$

$$q_{\text{latent}} \text{ (Btu/h)} \approx 0.68 \times \text{CFM} \times [w_o - w_i] \text{ (grains)} \approx 4840 \times \text{CFM} \times [w_o - w_i] \text{ (lb}_w\text{/lb}_a\text{)}$$

$$\Delta h = \Delta h_{\text{rated}} \times \left(\frac{V(\text{fpm})}{V(\text{fpm})_{\text{rated}}}\right)^2 ; \Delta h = \Delta h_{\text{rated}} \times \left(\frac{\text{CFM}}{\text{CFM}_{\text{rated}}}\right)^2$$

$$\Delta h_v \text{ (in. wtr.)} = \left(\frac{V(\text{fpm})}{4005}\right)^2$$

#### FANS

$$hp_{\text{req'd}} = \frac{\text{CFM} \times \Delta h \text{ (in. wtr.)}}{6350 \times \eta_{\text{fan}}}$$

$$\text{CFM}_2 = \text{CFM}_1 \times \left(\frac{\text{RPM}_2}{\text{RPM}_1}\right); \Delta h_2 = \Delta h_1 \times \left(\frac{\text{RPM}_2}{\text{RPM}_1}\right)^2; hp_2 = hp_1 \times \left(\frac{\text{RPM}_2}{\text{RPM}_1}\right)^3$$